

Controlling Payroll Costs with Employee Furloughs

In this uncertain business environment caused by Covid-19, employers are looking for ways to save money and possibly lower payroll costs. Employee furloughs may be an option. Considered to be a positive alternative to layoffs, they should be managed carefully so as not to run afoul of employment laws.

Furloughs are when an employer requires their employees to work fewer hours or to take a certain amount of time off unpaid. They are still considered an active employee and generally have either scheduled time off or an expectation of returning to their job. In a layoff, employees are considered terminated and likely have no expectation if or when they may be returning to their job.

During furloughs, benefits usually continue, although you should check with your carrier to be certain. Since an employer maintains their employee's eligibility with the carriers, it may be up to them to decide if their employee is active or needs to be moved to COBRA status. In a layoff situation, benefits generally end either on the last day of work or at the end of the month.

In a furlough situation, for exempt employees, it's important to make sure your employees understand they should not be working. An employer must pay an exempt employee their full salary if the employee performs any work in a week, without regard to the number of days or hours worked. A nonexempt employee who performs any work during the furlough must also be paid, but only for time actually worked.

If you are looking for a way to cut expenses, but not lose your top employees permanently, a furlough versus a lay off may be an answer.

Provided to you by Connor & Gallagher OneSource (CGO)

Article written by



Sandra Teague SPHR, SHRM-SCP VP of HR Consulting at Connor & Gallagher OneSource (CGO)



OneSource (CGO)

630.599.8761

steague@GoCGO.com pdettman@GoCGO.com 630.599.8759



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750 Warrenville Rd. Suite 400 Lisle, IL 60532

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